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## Tidbits About Women

- \* The term "girl" was once used to refer to all young people not just females.
- \* 1974 Women could have a credit card in their own name for the first time.
- \* The first Mother's Day was May 8, 1908.
- \* 14% of the Armed Forces are women—up 12% from 1950.
- \* Some cultures believe the universe was created by a woman.
- \* 1928 Women could compete in Olympic Track and Field events for the first time.

## COMING EVENTS

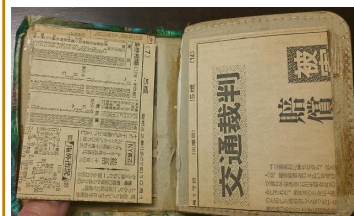
## WHAT AM I?

### Flower Walk

Sunday, May 1 @ 1:00 PM  
Saturday, May 7 @ 1:00 PM  
Geller Preserve

### CCHS Annual Summer Picnic

Sunday, July 31 @ 12:30 PM  
St Mary's Hall  
Tipton, Iowa



Answer on page 5.

## NEWSLETTER

### Prairie Village Adding Sunbury Bank



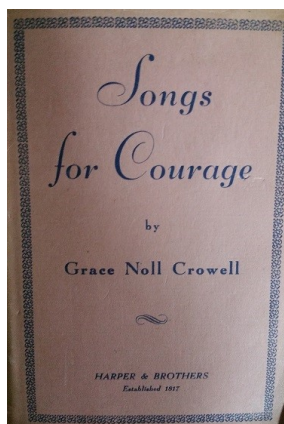
Soon the Sunbury bank will be at the Prairie Village. Thanks to a generous bequest from Lloyd Hasselbusch, construction on a replica of the Sunbury bank will begin this summer at the Prairie Village. The Sunbury bank building was built in 1901 with C. J. Specht as the cashier and W. F. Jons as president. It did business until 1931 and closed under John Iwers as president and J.H. Soehren as cashier. It was the third bank to close that year and had \$30,000 in capitol stock and \$341,933 in deposits at the time of its closing. Read about Lloyd Hasselbusch on page 3.

# Women in Cedar County History

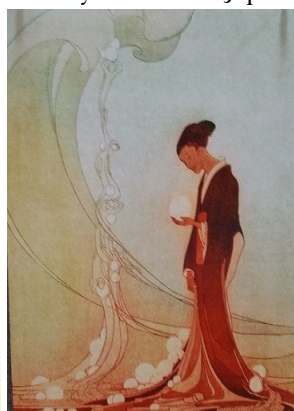


Grace Noll Crowell was born Grace Southern in Inland Township to Adam and Sarah Southern on October 31, 1877. After moving with her family to Wilton she went to the German English College in Wilton and in 1901 earned her BA. In 1901 she married Newton H. Crowell who was a writer and together they had three sons. Her career as a writer started after an illness in 1906 when she wrote the poem "Marshland". The family moved to

Texas in 1917 where later she would be appointed the Poet Laureate of Texas from 1936-1939. Her first book "White Fire" was published in 1925 and received the top prize from the Texas Poetry Society. In 1938 she was awarded the Golden Scroll Medal of Honor, designated American Mother of the Year by the Golden Rule Foundation, and selected as one of ten Outstanding American Women by the "America Woman" publication. Baylor University awarded her an honorary doctorate in 1940.



Bertha Boynton Bull Lum was born in Tipton to Joseph and Harriet Ann Boynton Bull in 1869. She enrolled in the design department of the Art Institute of Chicago in 1895 where she studied figure drawing influenced by Arthur Wesley Dow and his Japanese technique. In 1903 she married Burt F. Lum a lawyer from Minneapolis. They honeymooned in Japan



which captivated Bertha's imagination and began her experimentation with wood-cutting tools for wood prints. In 1928 she divorced Burt Lum. Through the years she visited Japan several times settling in Peking, China in 1922. She would move back and forth between the US and China from 1922 to 1953. She moved to live with her daughter in Genoa, Italy in 1953 and died there in 1954.

Dorothy Elizabeth Miller Reid was born Oct 16, 1911 in Steamboat Springs, CO, to Clare S. and Winifred Warren Miller. The family moved to Tipton when Dorothy was 3 in 1915. She graduated from Tipton High School in 1929 and worked in Des Moines and Chicago before enlisting in the Marines on Feb. 20, 1943. She trained at Mt. Holyoke, South Hadley, MA and was commissioned to second lieutenant at Camp LeJeune,



New River, NC starting the women Marine Training Schools. In 1943 she was assigned to the Marine Corps Base, San Diego, CA to command the Women Marine Battalion; later she was promoted to Major prior to her discharge May 1946. She served as the Commanding Officer of the Women Marine Reserve Platoon from 1958-1960 and was promoted to Lieutenant-Colonel before she retired. She married three times; the third time to Rodney Mason Reid (THS class of 1923). On Feb. 4, 1998 she died in Daytona Beach, FL, and was interred with her parents in Masonic Cemetery, Tipton.



Ella Marie Noring was born in Iowa Township to Joseph and Helena Gall Noring on Nov. 17, 1891. She graduated as the valedictorian of the 1909 class of West Liberty High School and in 1915 graduated from the Nurses School in the University Hospital in Iowa City. On Aug 19, 1918 she was accepted by the Red Cross as a WWI nurse and

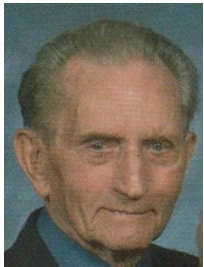
ordered to Fort Des Moines where she stayed for 4 weeks. She then went to Camp Merritt, NJ where she died after coming down with influenza that developed into pneumonia on Oct. 10, 1918. Her funeral service was held in her parent's home and she was buried at Oakridge Cemetery, West Liberty.





## Memorials

*Grace Lucille Hardman Keltner  
Eddie Keltner  
Rodney Schwitzer*



**LLOYD HASSELBUSCH**  
1918-2014

Lloyd Hasselbusch was a resident of Clarence and known for his brief encounter with fame with "The Great Baseball Throw" on June 27, 1940 at the corner of 3<sup>rd</sup> and Brady in Davenport. There was a band, vendors, and spectators crowding the streets. Twenty-seven men and one woman, all in their twenties lined up to throw a baseball 115 feet (8 stories) straight up to the top of a building. A feat that was stated could not be done.

Hasselbusch, 22 at the time, was one of the twenty-seven lined up to take his chance. In an interview he recalled standing in a chalk circle on 3<sup>rd</sup> street approximately 30 feet away from the building, winding up, and tossing the ball to the roof of a building; "I aimed right for the roof. I knew all along that I could make it," said Hasselbusch. "And we had only one ball to throw," he said. "Not a single window was broken", Hasselbusch commented in the interview.

Hasselbusch made the "impossible throw" along with five others. For this great feat of athletic prowess Hasselbusch won a case of Budweiser beer, some small awards, two tickets the Orpheum movie house across the street, and a free cleaning of his hat at Grand Hat Works. He also won box seats to an exhibition game starring Babe Ruth at the Municipal Stadium (now called Modern Woodmen Park) as well as meeting the world record maker face to face and shaking his hand. (Bill Wundram QC Times June 26, 2012).

## Mechanicsville 1908 High School Time Capsule

These are some of the several items from a time capsule found in the 1908 Mechanicsville High School during it's deconstruction. What a wonderful glimpse of time from over one hundred years ago.



1908 Graduating Class



Copper Time Capsule



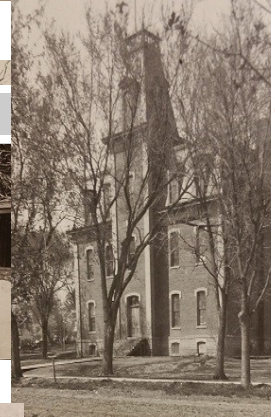
1st St Mechanicsville



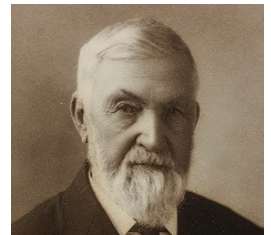
Mechanicsville after 1907 Cyclone



1875 Mechanicsville School



Oldest CC Resident



"For most of history,  
Anonymous was a woman."  
-Virginia Woolf

**New Members**

**David Larh**

# United States Involvement in the Mexican Revolution

From March-June 1916 the United States mounted an armed expedition to Mexico to quell raids initiated by prominent Mexican leader Pancho Villa into the U.S.

Allegedly sponsored by the German government Villa launched a raid into the State of Chihuahua on 11 January 1916, capturing and killing 19 U.S. citizens. This was followed on 9 March with a raid upon Columbus in New Mexico, killing 11 citizens.

Following U.S. protests Mexico's President Venustiano Carranza undertook to deal with Villa but insisted that the U.S. not interfere. However with the U.S. rapidly losing patience with Carranza, General Frederick Funston - U.S. commander along the border - was ordered to dispatch an armed U.S. column into Mexico in pursuit of Villa (to be taken dead or alive). To that end Funston placed General John Pershing in command of the expedition.

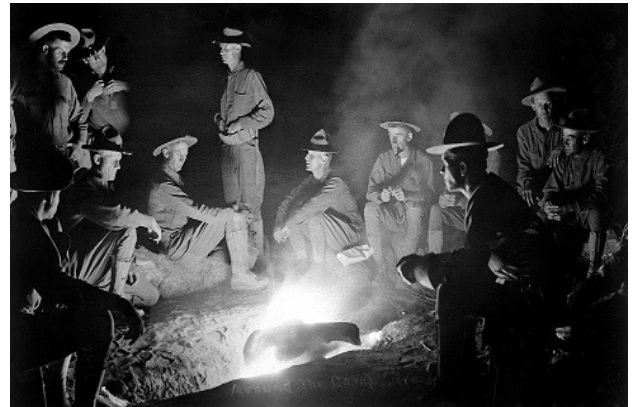
Pershing led 4,000 U.S. troops into Mexico on 15 March 1916, remaining there until early 1917. On 29 March 1916 a U.S. force of 400 men defeated a larger number of Villa's followers. Nevertheless U.S. troops remained to mop up the remnants of Villa's supporters; these troops increasingly came into contact - and armed conflict - with official Mexican troops sent by President Carranza to deal with Villa, the first of which took place on 12 April 1916.

Increasing clashes led to a very real threat of war between the U.S. and Mexico; on 18 June 1916 U.S. President Woodrow Wilson called out the National Guard to deal with the Mexican problem. As these were gathering along the Mexican border President Carranza backed down, releasing a group of captured U.S. troops and dispatching a note of apology on 4 July 1916, in which he suggested convening a conference to prevent future issues. (firstworldwar.com)

Had the outcome of the Mexican Revolution and the Mexican Border Campaign been different the German army was looking at Mexico as being a base to start an attack on the United States. Because of General Pershing's success in the Border Campaign and Woodrow Wilson's diplomacy with Mexico the United States would not enter into WW I until late the following year.



**Columbus, New Mexico, after Pancho Villa's attack on the border town**



**American troops of the 16th Infantry rest for the night on 27 May 1916**



**United States Army troops returning to the U.S. in January 1917**



# IMA Celebrating 40 Years

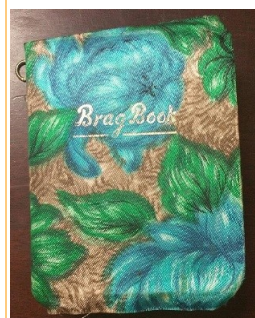


This year the Iowa Museum Association (IMA) is celebrating it's 40th year. To help them celebrate we submitted a picture of 40 hymnals from our collection for their "40 Special Years for IMA 40 Special Somethings for IMA Members" article in their newsletter *IMAgas*.

We received the pictured hymnals as part of a collection of 474 hymnals from the grandson of the minister who started the collection. The collection contains hymnals of several different denominations and languages. One of the hymnals, which is in the picture, is from 1771 making it the oldest volume in our collection.

The collection was started by Rev. Otis Moore a minister who served in the South Bethel Methodist Church (1931-1939) that now sits on the Historical Society's grounds as part of our Prairie Village. Otis passed the collection on to his son Richard (Dick) Moore who also served as a minister in the state of New York. Richard's son James Moore donated the hymnal collection in the fall of 2014 to the Cedar County Historical Society shipping all of the hymnals in 13 boxes through the mail.

## WHAT AM I? ANSWER



While working on a collection of albums and photos from Freda Chambliss we found this little "Brag Book" photo album where the glue holding the pretty blue floral cover in place had released allowing us to see the padding inside the cover which was recycled Japanese newspapers.

## Extra Extra Extra

Do you have an idea or suggestion for the newsletter? Please send your contributions to:

Tanya@  
cedarcounthistoricalsociety.com

Please put "CCHS Newsletter" in the subject line.

All suggestions and feedback are welcome. Because of available space all contributions may not be immediately utilized.

## A Little House for the Prairie Village Coming This Spring!

The Baughman/Shrope House (Little House) is coming to the Prairie Village! We are still seeking donations to fund the preservation and restoration of the structure. This will enable us to show how Cedar County's earliest farmers lived.

**Yes!** I want to give my support to Cedar County Historical Society's **Baughman / Shrope Fund** with my donation in the amount of \$\_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Address: \_\_\_\_\_ City / State / Zip: \_\_\_\_\_

Email: \_\_\_\_\_ Phone Number: \_\_\_\_\_

**NEWSLETTER  
JAN. FEB. MAR.  
2016**

**HISTORICAL MUSEUM  
and Prairie Village  
1094 Hwy 38 N.**

**Mailing address  
P O Box 254  
TIPTON, IA 52772**

**AGRICULTURAL  
MUSEUM, west of Tipton  
at the Cedar County Fair  
Grounds**

**Open  
Tuesday and Thursday  
10:00 AM to 4:00 PM  
Saturday  
10:00 AM to 2:00PM**

Telephone:  
563-886-2899  
E-mail:  
cchsmus@netins.net

Sandy Harmel  
Museum Coordinator

Tanya Demmel  
Newsletter Editor  
Tanya@  
cedarcountyhistoricalsociety.com

To join the Cedar County Historical Society annual dues are \$22.00, plus \$3.00 if you want the Annual Review mailed to your address. Dues may be paid at the Historical Museum, 1094 Highway 38 N., Tipton. Or be mailed to: Attn: CCHS Membership P.O. Box 254, Tipton, IA 52772



**WANTED**

*Historic items from Sunbury to  
feature with the grand opening  
of the Sunbury Bank in the  
Prairie Village.*

*Pioneer Period looking cloth-  
ing. Our volunteers wear these  
costumes for special events  
including school visits and  
Prairie Day.*

## CCHS 2015 Sustaining Members

1. Barnhart's Custom Services, LLC , West Branch \*\*\*
2. Hames Communities LLC., West Branch\*\*\*
3. Liberty Trust & Savings Banks, Durant, New Liberty, Bennett, Tipton \*\*\*
4. Open Prairie Chapter NSDAR \*\*\*
5. Lynch's Plumbing, Inc., West Branch \*\*
6. Bridge Comm. Bank, Mechanicsville \*
7. Citizens Bank, Tipton\*
8. Clarence Nursing Home, Inc., Clarence \*
9. City of Tipton, \*
10. D.S. Webb & Company, P.C., Tipton\*
11. Frederick Drexler, DDS, Clarence\*
12. Hills Bank and Trust Company\*
13. Images in Ink, Durant \*
14. Jenkins Construction/Sheds/Siding, Tipton \*
15. Layers of Life, Dr. Annette Flora DC, Tipton \*
16. Liberty Insurance Agency, Inc., Durant\*
17. Moeller Tipton Tire & Auto, Tipton \*

Cedar County Historical Society owes special thanks to our sustaining members for their help in allowing us to continue to save and protect the history of Cedar County. Please remember to thank these businesses and professionals for their contributions. Each \* represents a contribution of \$50 to the Society annually. To become a sustaining member please contact Membership Secretary, at PO Box 254, Tipton, IA 52772

## We're on the Web!

http://  
cedarcountyhistoricalsociety.webs.com/